This document was exported from Numbers. Each table was converted to an Excel worksheet. All other objects on each Numbers sheet were placed on separate worksheets. Please be aware that formula calculations may differ in Excel.

Numbers Sheet Name	Numbers Table Name	Excel Worksheet Name				
YTP Summary						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Table 1	YTP Summary				
Definitions						
	Table 1	<u>Definitions</u>				
Guidelines						
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								Yearly	Training Pla	n Template					
Phase	Week	Micro	Events	Testing	500 Hours	550 Hours	Load Scale	# Intensity & Race	# Strength Sessions	# Dryfire Sessions	Physical Focus	Strength Focus	Shooting Focus	Psychological Focus	Tactics
General Prep	May 3	1			9	9	2	0	2	1					
May 1	May 10	2			9	10	3	1	3	2	-		rifle fit, position		
	May 17	3			9	10	2	1	2	2	continuous zone 1 and strengthening, technique	proper technique		self awareness	none
	May 24	4			10	11	2	1	3	2		and execution			
	May 31	5			12	13	2	0	2	2	-		position		
	Jun 7	6 Rec	overy		7	7	1	0	1	2	-				
	Jun 14	7			10	11	2	1	3	2			sight picture, shot analysis	goal setting	
	Jun 21	8			12	12	2	2	3	2	begin building zone 3	ABCS, CT2, strength endurance, body weight exercises.			
	Jun 28	9 Rec	overy		7	7	1	0	1	2	intensity				recovery race planning
	Jul 5	10 Test	ival		10	11	3	4	3	1			some combo but prioritize continuous zone 1 outside of shooting trigger control, follow through	focus control	
r	Jul 12	11			10	12	2	1	3	2	high volume zone 1,				
,	Jul 19	12			10	12	2	1	2	2	some zone 3				
	Jul 26	13 Dev	Camp - Whistler		14	15	3	1	1	2	-				
	Aug 2	14 Rec	overy		7	7	1	2	3	2	2				
	Aug 9	15			10	11	2	1	2	2	very high volume zone				
	Aug 16	16			11	12	3	2	2	2	1, some zone 3				
	Aug 23	17			14	15	1	1	1	2					
	Aug 30	18			11	12	3	1	2	2		Core stability exercises should be			
	Sep 6	19 1st	week of school		10	10	1	1	1	2	-	done 3 times per week (not included in strength session			
,	Sep 13	20			11	13	2	2	2	2	-				
Specific Prep	Sep 20		Camp - Whistler		12	14	3	3	3	3		count)			
	Sep 27	22 Rec	overy		7	7	1	1	2	3	high volume zone 1, some zone 3			goal setting	
	Oct 4	23			10	11	2	2	2	3	-				
	Oct 11	24			10		2	3	2	3	-		rhythm and breath control		course segmentation
	Oct 18	25			10			3	2	3	3		Control		
	Oct 25	26 Rec	overv		7	7	1		2			maintenance through ABCS, body weight strength / core			
Pre-Comp	Nov 1	27	.,		10	11				3	zone 1 volume and		control and consistency target skills using gap analysis from competitions	ideal performance state	
Fie-Comp	Nov 8	28			11				2	3	continue intensity progression, start on				
	Nov 15		Camp- Vernon		13						skis and speed workouts				
	Nov 22	30 Rec			7	7	1		1						ski tactics
	Nov 29	31	.,		9	10					volume and technique on skis. Add some				race and recovery Tactics
	Dec 6	32			9	10					recovery before the first				
Composition	Dec 13		Cup 1 - Whistler		9				2		races				
Competition			cup i willstier		9						-				
	Dec 20	34	CH Trials - Quebec	_	9						balance intensity and speed work with sufficient recovery through zone 1 and				
	Dec 27		eri iriais - Quebec		9				2						
	Jan 3	36			9										
	Jan 10	37	Cup 2- Vanderhoof		9										
	Jan 17		Sup 23 vanuemoor		9									coping stategies	
	Jan 24	39 40 BC	Cup 2. Overend								active recovery training				
Feb	Jan 31		Cup 3 - Quesnel		9				_		to suit the race calendar of the athlete				
	Feb 7	41			9	10									
	Feb 14	42			9						_				
	Feb 21	43			9						3 3	1	build confidence by working on control and consistency	confidence	
Mar	Feb 28	44			9										
	Mar 7	45			9										
	Mar 14		hlon Nationals - PG		9				2		peaking for Nationals				
	Mar 21		Nationals - Whistler		9			4	_						
Transition	Mar 28	48			9				2	3	build confidence on skis through obstacle				
	Apr 4	49			9	10			2	3	courses, safe jumps,				
	Apr 11	50			9	10			2	3	adventure skiing, fun races				
<u> </u>	Apr 18	51			9	10			2	3	IBUES				
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Term	Definition		
# Intensity & Race	the number of intensity sessions and races planned for the week		
ABCS	agility, balance, coordination and speed		
active recovery	55-65% of max heart rate. Really low speed. The goal is to flush your muscles and activate blood flow to recover faster. Short sessions (<45min)		
Competition	the competition phase of the season		
coping strategies	developing athletes ability to manage set backs and distractions		
course segmentation	breaking down a course into sections to plan technical and tactical strategies		
CT2	circuit training, 10-15 reps with a 1:1 ratio of work/recovery		
focus control	providing tools and methods for athletes have to have an appropriate focus		
General Prep	the general preparation phase of the season		
goal setting	Setting S.M.A.R.T (specific, measurable, achievable, realistic, timely) goals for the season		
hours	the number of hours of active training planned for each week. Precision shooting sessions where there is no physical training involve are not included in training hours		
ideal performance state	Achieving a mental and physiological state for peak performance.		
Load Scale	an indication of the training load (volume x intensity) for the week. YTPs for development squad athletes are based on a 3 or 4 week progressively loading mesocycle.		
Meso	Mesocycle, a 3 or 4 week block of training with a particular focus		
Micro	Microcycle, or 1 week		
Physical Focus	The type of physical training that should be focussed on during a mesocycle.		
Pre-Comp	the pre-competition phase of the season		
Psychological Focus	The type of psychological training that should be focussed on during a mesocycle		
race planning	creating a strategic and tactical plan for race day.		
recovery	a week in the mesocycle where the training load is light in order to recover for the next mesocycle		
self awareness	an athletes awareness of themselves including strengths, weaknesses, thoughts, beliefs, emotions and motivations		
self talk	developing tools for increasing self confidence and curbing negative emotions		
Shooting Focus	The type of shooting training that should be focussed on during the mesocycle		
Specific Prep	the specific preparation phase of the season		
speed	very high rate of tempo while maintaining basic technique. 10 seconds or less in duration.		
strength endurance	Repetitive movements (double pole, free skate) over a long duration. 15 mins +		
Strength Focus	The type of strength training that should be focussed on during the mesocycle		
Tactics	The tactical focus for the mesocycle		
Transition	the transition phase of the season, where athletes take a break from biathlon		
visualization	A mental performance tool to achieve positive outcomes		
zone 1	65-75% of max heat rate. Fundamental endurance training. Long slow training (from 45min to 3-4H+).		
zone 2	75-85% of max heart rate. High speed endurance (between 1H00 and 1H30) Max speed without building lactic acid.		
zone 3	85-92% of max heart rate. Intensity training. This zone is above the anaerobic threshold where athletes will start to build lactic acid.		
zone 4	92-100% of max heart rate. High intensity training. Race speed. High muscular pain and maximal breathing		
gap analysis	determining weaknesses in athletes performance		

Intensity sessions include training at anaerobic threshold and higher (including races)											
athletes at every age should include 20-40 sprints per week											
Coaches must take into account individual athete training tolerance and adjust the overall load accordlingly											
Limit "going to Max" in training year to help volume sustainability (sweet spot is high AnT + race pace, ie. 4-10mmol or 85-92% MHR)											
Strength training includes sessions done in the weight room and strength on snow or rollerski. Does not include 'core sessions'											
Training should be polarized (i.e. if volume is high one week then intensity should be lower. If intensity is high, volume is lower)											
Age 15+ there needs to be 2+ sessions/week continuous aerobic training for 2+ hours (i.e. not done with combo and with minimal stops)											
Age 12+ there needs to be 2+ sessions/week continuous aerobic training for 1+ hours											
Dryfire sessions should be around 15 minutes											